## Granite School District 10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map

### **Understanding the Secondary ELA Curriculum Maps**

The Utah State Core for English Language Arts is the basis for the Granite School District ELA Curriculum Maps. The Core recognizes that the content for English Language Arts differs from that of other content areas. The State Core Standards are the content. The materials - such as novels, primary documents, and organizers - are merely the vehicle (see Approved Materials below). Each teacher within Granite School District is expected to follow the curriculum maps. The areas below marked with an asterisk represent the science of teaching. Teachers need to follow these explicitly. The other areas listed on the map represent the art of teaching. Although it is expected that every class will include these elements, there is leeway for the teacher, departments, and networks to determine the specifics. The following explains the intent and application of each section of the map:

*Focus Standards	English is an integrated curriculum. The purpose of the Focus Standards is not to limit integration but to focus on certain skills for mastery. By focusing on a limited number of standards for mastery each quarter, the Utah State Core can be covered by the end of the year. Focusing on specific standards will ensure that students moving from one school to the next will be mastering the same content/standard during the same quarter. The Focus Standards are expected to be followed by all teachers in the district.			
*Content Objectives (I Can)	These are the essential concepts/skills for the English Language Arts. All schools are expected to work with the same I Can statements. This will guarantee that students are mastering the same skills as they move from school to school and teachers will know what to expect from incoming students. The I Can statements will restate the core standard since the standard is the content.			
*Key	O Marked with a key in the I Can column.  Definition: In an effort to assist teachers in the process of differentiation in Tier I teaching, Key Concepts have been identified in the curriculum maps as those specific objectives a teacher would focus on during small group instruction with struggling students.			
Concepts for Differentiation	These concepts cover minimum, basic skills and knowledge every student must master. However, Key Concepts for Differentiation are not an alternative to the Utah Core Standards; rather they emphasize which concepts to prioritize for differentiation.			
	<b>Note:</b> A discussion of interventions and extensions is located in the box on differentiation.			
Language Objectives (Will Do)	This is <u>how</u> a student will demonstrate that he/she understands the concept. A few examples are listed. Teachers, departments, and networks should determine what works best for them and their students			
*Academic Vocabulary	These are terms pulled from the State Core that students must comprehend to master skills, discuss content, and pass tests. It is expected that t Academic Vocabulary be taught in all classes.			
Assessment	In addition to state and district required assessments, teachers should use their art to determine appropriate means to monitor student progress and understanding. Formative assessments, such as checks for understanding, should be ongoing and constant. A few examples are listed. Teachers, departments, and networks should determine what works best for them and their students.			

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Differentiation	"In Tier 1 instruction all students receive high quality, differentiated culturally responsive core academic and behavioral instruction through the general education program." (GSD MTSS Common Vocabulary) Differentiation in the secondary classroom includes both intervention and extension. Secondary ELA teachers are expected to differentiate for all students' needs.  Interventions – Interventions are those supplemental procedures put in place to help the struggling student. A few examples are listed. Teachers, departments, and networks should determine what works best for them and their students.  Note: The Keys for differentiation are only intended for those students who struggle the most. Interventions are intended for the larger group needing a variety of different learning experiences to meet all of the expected standards.  Extensions – Extensions are adaptions made for the advanced learner. Advanced learners need differentiation in instruction to guarantee growth. It is expected that differentiation for these students meet individual needs. A few examples are listed. Teachers, departments, and networks should determine what works best for them and their students.
	The choice of vehicle for teaching a skill is to be determined by the teacher, department, and/or network within the parameters of the approved materials. The Granite School District approved texts for secondary classes are:  Holt Elements of Literature and Holt Elements of Language  MYAccess! (Writing)
*Approved Materials	Approved Novels List (Novels List) - All lengthy pieces of work used in either whole group or small group instruction, both fiction and non-fiction, must be approved through the designated process. Following is a statement from the board policy on novels:  "Teacher Charge  It is important to note that any lengthy work, fiction or non-fiction, used in whole group or small group (such as literary circles) must be
	from the Granite District Approved Novels List.  In addition to only using novels from the approved list, teachers must also use their best judgment (considering lexile levels, interest levels, State Core standards, individual community standards and student need) in choosing materials from the approved list for their classes."

#### **Notes:**

**Additional Resources:** It is recognized that there are many great resources that can enhance teaching. Examples: <u>Safari Montage</u>, <u>USOE Digital Textbooks</u>, State Core Appendices, State Writing Rubrics, State Close Reading Rubrics, UEN performance tasks and lesson plans, the Teaching Channel, other

Exercise extreme caution when using sources not on the official Approved Materials list. It is the responsibility of the teacher to ensure that anything used in class or required of students is appropriate for the purpose, students, and community. Always read the material thoroughly before using them with students.

Teachers must also keep in mind that any lengthy piece of work from any source must first be on the novels list before being used in class or in small group.

**Department and Network Alignment:** Departments and networks are advised to align materials, such as novels, both at grade level and vertically, to avoid duplication and to keep communication open with departments and with feeder schools. It is also advisable for schools to create a reference guide for teachers that identify books, ideas, and resources available at the school.

# Granite School District 10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map

### FOCUS STANDARDS OVERVIEW - Refer to the <u>Utah State Core Standards</u> for complete standard and grade level expectation.

Qtr	Reading Literature	Reading Informational Text	Writing	Speaking/Listening	Language
1	RL.9-10.1 Cite textual evidence, (explicitly and inferences) RL.9-10.2 Identify details that support central ideas or themes. Summarize text. RL.9-10.3 Analyze complex characters and their change over time. RL.9-10.4 Analyze words and phrases that impact meaning and tone.	RI.9-10.1 Cite textual evidence, (explicitly and inferences) RI.9-10.2 Identify details that support central ideas or themes. Summarize. RI.9-10.3 Analyze complex characters and their change over time. RI.9-10.4 -Analyze words and phrases that impact meaning and tone.	Review of Writing Process W.9-10.4 Produce writing with appropriate organization, development, and style W.9-10.5 Revise and edit through planning and trying a new approach. W.9-10.6 Use technology (e.g. electronic portfolio, blogs, message boards, discussion boards) to display information flexibly. W.9-10.10 Write routinely over short and extended time frames.	SL.9-10.1 Participate in collaborative discussions by reading and researching the topic.  SL.9-10.2 Present with diverse media after evaluating accuracy and credibility of the source.	L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of capitalization, spelling, semicolon, and colon. L.9-10.4 Determine meanings for words and phrases through context and utilization of structural changes, (e.g., parts of speech).
2	RL.9-10.1 Cite textual evidence, (explicitly and inferences) RL.9-10.3 Analyze complex characters and their change over time. RL.9-10.4 Analyze words and phrases that impact meaning and tone. RL.9-10.9 Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material.	RI.9-10.8 Evaluate claims and arguments for sufficiency and valid reasoning.  RI.9-10.9 Analyze seminal documents of historic value.	Argument Writing W.9-10.1 Write arguments analyzing substantive topics or texts, while clarifying relationships among claims. W.9-10.7 Conduct research and synthesize information from multiple sources. W.9-10.8 Integrate information to establish flow among multiple sources. W.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary and informational text to support analysis and reflection.	SL.9-10.4 Present information appropriate to task, audience, and purpose such that listeners can follow reasoning and development.  SL.9-10.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English.	L.9-10.3 Understand how language functions in different contexts and utilize MLA format for English. L.9-10.6 Utilize academic vocabulary accurately.
3	RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and evidence, RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters develop over the course of a text. RL.9-10.6 Analyze a point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature RL. 9-10.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic medium. RL.9-10.10 Read and comprehend literature at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	RI.9-10.6 Cite details or examples of the point of view or cultural experiences.  RI.9-10.7 Analyze same subject in two mediums for emphasis  RI.9-10.10 Read and comprehend nonfiction at the 9-10 text complexity level.	Informational Writing/Research Skills W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory text with effective transitions, complex ideas, appropriate formatting and supporting details. W.9-10.7 Conduct research and synthesize information from multiple sources. W.9-10.8 Integrate information to establish flow among multiple sources. W.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary and informational text to support analysis and reflection.	SL.9-10.5 Select digital media to enhance understanding,	L.9-10.3 Understand how language functions in different contexts and utilize MLA format for English.
4	RL.9-10.3 Analyze complex characters and their change over time.  RL.9-10.5 Analyze the use and effects of text structure (parallel plots, flashbacks, pacing)  RL.9-10.6 Cite details or examples of the point of view or cultural experiences.	RI.9-10.5 Analyze the use and effects of text structure (parallel plots, flashbacks, pacing) RI.9-10.6 Cite details or examples of the point of view or cultural experiences.	Narrative Writing W.9-10.3 Write coherent narratives from multiple points of view. W.9-10.10 Write routinely over short and extended time frames.	SL.9-10.3 Evaluate speaker's point of view and reasoning for fallacies and use of rhetoric. SL.9-10.4 Present information appropriate to task, audience, and purpose such that listeners can follow reasoning and development.	L.9-10.1 Utilize parallel structure.  L.9-10.5 Analyze the role of figurative language and nuances in word meanings.

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Quarter 1 - Focus Standards (Essential Concepts)	QUAR	TER 1		
<ul> <li>N. 19-10.1 Circ strong and thorough testual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly savel as inference drawn from the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including provide an objective summary of the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting mointainons) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.</li> <li>R. 19-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phraces as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meaning; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informational Text</li> <li>R. 19-10.1 Citie strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as veil as inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.1 Cities strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as veil as inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.1 Cities strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as veil as inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.</li> <li>R. 19-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including flegrarities, connotative, and between them.</li> <li>R. 19-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text.</li> <li>R. 19-10.1 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text, including flegrarities, analyze the</li></ul>	Quarter 1 - Focus Standards (Essential Concepts)	Content Objectives	Language Objectives	Academic Vocabulary
	Reading Literature  RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.  RL.9-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.  RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.  RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).  Reading Informational Text  RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.  RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text  RI.9-10.3 Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.  RI.9-10.4 - Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).  Writing — Review of writing process  W.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific w	I can statements:  I can use text evidence. (RL.9-10.1, RI.9-10.1)  I can determine theme and/or central idea. (RL.9-10.2, RI.9-10.2)  I can analyze characters. (RL.9-10.3)  I can use context to find the meanings of words and phrases. (RL.9-10.4, RI.9-10.4)  I can analyze how an author presents information for purpose. (RI.9-10.3)  I can write using correct organization and style for my task and audience. (W.9-10.4)  I can use the writing process to strengthen my writing. (W.9-10.5)  I can use technology to gather texts, produce writing, and communicate with	I will statements:  Note: Use teacher and departmental collaboration to determine specific I will statements for your class and school.  Example: I will read "Story of an Hour," and analyze its meaning, citing textual evidence	<ul> <li>Evidence</li> <li>Sufficient evidence</li> <li>Textual evidence</li> <li>Theme</li> <li>Analyze</li> <li>Synthesize</li> <li>Purpose</li> <li>Tone</li> <li>Inference</li> <li>Connotative meanings</li> <li>Cumulative impact on tone</li> <li>Cumulative impact on meaning</li> <li>Figurative meaning</li> <li>Objective summary</li> <li>Context</li> <li>Central idea</li> <li>Concept</li> <li>Flow of ideas</li> </ul>

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### Speaking/Listening

- SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and is- sues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
  - a. Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
  - b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., in-formal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.
  - c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.
  - d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.
- SL.9-10.2 Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.

#### Language

- L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
  - a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.
  - b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.
  - c. Spell correctly.
- L.9-10.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
  - a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
  - b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).
  - c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or deter-mine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.
  - d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

- I can write appropriately to a range of both short and extended tasks. (W.9-10.10)
- I can collaborate with others effectively and appropriate to task. (SL.9-10.1)
- I can analyze information presented in media formats. (SL.9-10.2)
- O- A I can correctly spell, punctuate, and capitalize. (L.9-10.2)
  - I can use context and other strategies to determine and clarify word meaning. (L.9-10.4)

Assessments	Interventions	Extensions
State and district mandated assessment.	Determined at classroom, department, and network	Determined at classroom, department, and network
Examples:	level. Examples:	level. Examples:
SRI, Benchmarks, SAGE	Adjust length of required writing	Adjust text complexity
Others as determined at classroom, department, and	Adjust vocabulary and text complexity	Recommendation for honors placement
network level. Examples:	Explicit teaching of Tier Two academic language	Departmental electives
Formative assessments determined by teacher	Cooperative learning	Project-based learning
Writing to demonstrate writing process, including revision.	Teacher mentoring	Cross-curricular project-based learning

### **QUARTER 2**

10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map				
Writing — Argument Writing - Continued  W.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational text to su and research.  a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading Standards to literature (i.e., "Ana on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., ho theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author of Shakespeare]").  b. Apply grades 9–10 Reading Standards to literary nonfiction (evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false reasoning").  W.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two purposes, and audiences.  Speaking/Listening  SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, a SL.9-10.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demor formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9–10 3 on pages 61 for specific expectations.)  Language  L.9-10.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to when reading or listening.  a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the type.  L.9-10.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and doma phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at read ness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabul considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or ex	<ul> <li>I can write appropriate trange of tasks. (W.9-10. draws on a play by i.e., "Delineate and the whether the reasoning is estatements and fallacious research, reflection, and of for a range of tasks, are clearly, concisely, and the organization, audience, and task. Instrating command of Language Standards 1 and are discipline and writing in-specific words and the college and career lary knowledge when</li> <li>I can write appropriate trange of tasks. (W.9-10.</li> <li>I can use appropriate language in both formal informal circumstances. (SL.9-10.6)</li> <li>I can use correct formatt in a variety disciplines are writing types. (L.9-10.3)</li> <li>I can use language (acad and domain specific) effectively. (I.9-10.6)</li> </ul>	n gical and ing		
Assessments	Interventions	Extensions		
State and district mandated assessment.	Determined at classroom, department, and network	Determined at classroom, department, and network		
Examples: SRI, Benchmarks, SAGE	level. Examples:	level. Examples:		
Others as determined at classroom, department, and	Adjust length of required writing	Adjust text complexity		
network level. Examples:	1			
Formative assessments determined by teacher	Adjust vocabulary and text complexity	Recommendation for honors placement		
Formative assessments determined by teacher	Explicit teaching of Tier Two academic language	Departmental electives		

For lesson design help, see Approved Materials and Additional Resources from page 2.

Cooperative learning

Teacher mentoring

Written narrative with central idea, dialogue, and

multiple points of view.

Project-based learning

Cross-curricular project-based learning

### **QUARTER 3**

Content Objectives  Reading Literature  Reading Literature and the conditioning motivations of develop the threat the text associalitily as well as inferences for a text, interactive the characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.  Reading Literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature, and advance the plot or develop the theme.  Reading Informational Text  Reading Informational Writing  Reading Informational Text  Reading Informational Tex	QUARTER 3				
<ul> <li>R. 9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>R. 9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivation) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.</li> <li>R. 9-10.5 Analyze the particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of iterature.</li> <li>R. 9-10.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic medium, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment.</li> <li>R. 9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.</li> <li>Reading informational Text</li> <li>R. 9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend medium, including which details are emphasized in each account.</li> <li>R. 9-10.10 By the end of grade 59-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.</li> <li>R. 9-10.10 By the end of grade 59-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.</li> <li>Williage Informational Writing</li> <li>Wy-10.2 Write informational Writing</li> <li>Wy-10.2 Write informational and writing</li> <li>Wy-10.2 Write information, and analysis of content.</li> <li>I. an road and comprehend information, and analysis of content.</li> <li>I. can analyze a point of view in world literature. (R.B9.10.7)</li> <li>R. 10.7)</li> <li>R. 10.7)</li> <li>Reading informational Writing</li> <li>Wy-10.2 Write informational Writing</li> <li>Wy-10.2 Write informational and converge expensions of the subject to diagnosing comprehension.</li> <li>I. can call and comprehend information and analysis of content.</li> <li>I. can lead and comprehend information and analysis of content.</li> <li>I. can read and comprehend information and analysis of content.</li> <li>I. can read and comprehend informati</li></ul>		·		Academic Vocabulary	
of the topic).	Reading Literature  RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.  RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.  RL.9-10.6 Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.  RL.9-10.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic medium, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment.  RL.9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  Reading Informational Text  RL.9-10.5 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.  RL.9-10.7 Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums, determining which details are emphasized in each account.  RL.9-10.10 By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.  Writing – Informational Writing  W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.  a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.  b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the aud	Content Objectives  I can statements:  I can correctly cite a text to support analysis. (RL.9-10.1)  I can analyze character development. RL.9-10.3)  I can analyze a point of view in world literature. (RL.9-10.6)  I can analyze one subject that has been represented in two different mediums. (RL.9-10.7, RI.9-10.7)  I can read and comprehend literature at the 10th grade lexile level. (RL.9-10.10)  I can determine author's point of view and purpose. (RI.9-10.6)  I can read and comprehend nonfiction at the 10th grade lexile level. (RI.9-10.10)  I can write informative texts clearly and accurately. (W.9-10.2)  Communication at the composed of the comp	I will statements:  Note: Use teacher and departmental collaboration to determine specific I will statements for your class and school.  Example: I will write an informative paper using proper research skills,	<ul> <li>Point of View</li> <li>Plagiarism</li> <li>Multiple authoritative sources</li> <li>Distorted Evidence</li> <li>Exaggerated Evidence</li> <li>Digital media: textual</li> <li>Digital sources</li> <li>Fallacious</li> <li>Inquiry</li> <li>Cultural Experience</li> <li>Nuance</li> <li>Diverse Perspectives</li> <li>Collaborative</li> <li>Interactive</li> <li>Medium</li> <li>Graphical</li> <li>Cohesion</li> <li>Dynamically</li> <li>Cumulative</li> <li>Connotative and technical meanings</li> </ul>	

### 10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map

#### Writing - Argument Writing - Continued

- W.9-10.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating under- standing of the subject under investigation.
- W.9-10.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- W.9-10.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational text to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading Standards to literature (i.e., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespearel").
  - b. Apply grades 9-10 Reading Standards to literary nonfiction (i.e., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").

#### Speaking/Listening

SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

#### Language

- L.9-10.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different con- texts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
  - a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., MLA Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the discipline and writing type.

- 0 · ★ I can write using evidence from literary and informational text. (W.9-10.9)
  - I can use technology to present information effectively. (SL.9-10.5)
  - I can write using correct formatting. (L.9-10.3)

Assessments	Interventions	Extensions
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### State and district mandated assessment.

### **Examples:**

• SRI, Benchmarks, SAGE

### Others as determined at classroom, department, and network level. Examples:

- Formative assessments determined by teacher
- Well-developed argument with counterargument, sufficient evidence and interior citations.

### Determined at classroom, department, and network level.

#### **Examples:**

- Adjust length of required writing
- Adjust vocabulary and text complexity
- Explicit teaching of Tier Two academic language
- Cooperative learning
- Peer tutoring/translating
- Teacher mentoring

### Determined at classroom, department, and network level.

#### **Examples:**

- Adjust text complexity
- Recommendation for honors placement
- Departmental electives
- **Tutoring**
- Project-based learning
- Cross-curricular project-based learning

For lesson design help, see Approved Materials and Additional Resources from page 2.

## 10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map

### **QUARTER 4**

Quarter 4 Focus Standards (Escential Concents)	Content Objectives	Language Objectives	Acadomic Vacabulant
Quarter 4 - Focus Standards (Essential Concepts)	Content Objectives	Language Objectives	Academic Vocabulary
Reading Literature	I can statements:	I will statements:	• Explicitly
RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or	. Lasa analysis abaysatay		<ul> <li>Logically</li> </ul>
conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other	I can analyze character     (2) 0.40.2)	Note: Use teacher and	<ul> <li>Dialogue</li> </ul>
characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.	development. (RL.9-10.3)	departmental	<ul> <li>Mystery</li> </ul>
RL.9-10.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text,  and a construction it (a.g., page 11st plate), and page involve time (a.g., page 11st plate).		collaboration to	<ul> <li>Pacing</li> </ul>
order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing,	0 <del>· ★</del> I can analyze an author's use of	determine specific I	<ul> <li>Sequence</li> </ul>
flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise)	text structure for meaning.	will statements for	Surprise
RL.9-10.6 Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of	(RL.9-10.5)	your class and school.	• Tension
work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.			
world literature.	<ul> <li>I can effectively analyze world</li> </ul>	Example: I will listen to	Anticipate
Reading Informational Text	literature. (RL.9-10.6)	speeches from class	<ul> <li>Parallel structure</li> </ul>
	(1210 2010)	members to determine	<ul> <li>Oxymoron</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>RI.9-10.5 Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a</li> </ul>	0 <del>·                                     </del>	the speaker's point of	<ul> <li>Informal tone</li> </ul>
section or chapter).	effectively. (RI.9-10.5)	view, validity of reasoning,	<ul> <li>Figurative</li> </ul>
RI.9-10.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze	ejjectively. (NI.9-10.5)	and accuracy of evidence.	<ul> <li>Euphemism</li> </ul>
how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.			<ul> <li>Audience</li> </ul>
now arrauthor uses metoric to advance that point of view or purpose.	I can determine author's point		- Addience
Multing Informational Multing	of view and purpose. (RI.9-		
Writing – Informational Writing     W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using	10.6)		
effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.			
a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation,	0 <del>·                                     </del>		
establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or	that engage the reader. W.9-		
characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.	10.3)		
<b>b.</b> Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and			
multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.	0 <del>· ★</del> I can write appropriate to task –		
c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to	both in a shorter and extended		
create a coherent whole.	time frame. (W.9-10.10)		
d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid	ime frame: (11.5 10.10)		
picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.	<ul> <li>I can evaluate a speaker's point</li> </ul>		
e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed,	of view, reasoning, and use of		
or resolved over the course of the narrative.	1		
W.9-10.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and	evidence. (SL.9-10.3)		
revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks,	_		
purposes, and audiences.	I can present information		
	clearly, concisely, and logically.		
Speaking/Listening	(SL.9-10.4)		
SL. 9-10.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence			
and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted	<ul> <li>I can demonstrate correct</li> </ul>		
evidence.	conventions. (L.9-10.1)		
SL. 9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly,			
concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and	I can understand figurative		
the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to	language. (L.9-10.5)		
purpose, audience, and task.	ialiguage. (L.3-10.3)		

# Granite School District 10th Grade ELA Utah State Core Standards Curriculum Map

L.9-10.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of star grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  a. Use parallel structure. Use various types of phrases and clauses to convey speci variety and interest to writing or presentations.  L.9-10.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language and nuances in word meanings.  a.Interpret figures of speech in context and analyze their b.Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar.	ific meanings and add ge, word relationships, r role in the text.		
Assessments	Interventions	Extensions	
State and district mandated assessment.	Determined at classroom, department, and network	Determined at classroom, department, and network	
Examples:	level.	level.	
SRI, Benchmarks, SAGE	Examples:	Examples:	
Others as determined at classroom, department, and	Adjust length of required writing	Adjust text complexity	
network level. Examples:	Adjust vocabulary and text complexity	Recommendation for honors placement	
Formative assessments determined by teacher	Word walls	Departmental electives	
Written informative piece, including multiple points	Explicit teaching of Tier Two academic language	Tutoring	
of view in MLA format.	Cooperative learning	Project-based learning	
	Peer tutoring/translating	Cross-curricular project-based learning	
	Teacher mentoring		

For lesson design help, see <u>Approved Materials</u> and <u>Additional Resources</u> from page 2.