	Unit of Study 1 Elements of Drama - Script		th Grade		DRAMA	2018		
	y Concepts: The student will learn to create a monologue or scene which focuses objectives. Indards: CREATE (6.T.CR.)Students will conceptualize, generate, develop and of PERFORM (6.T.P.) Students will analyze, interpret, and select artistic of presentation of drama works (Standards 6.T.P.1–9) RESPOND (6.T. R.) Students will perceive and analyze artistic work an 6.T.R.1–7) CONNECT (6.T.CO.) Students will synthesize and relate knowledge from cultural and historical context to deepen understanding (Standards 6	organize artistic ideas a work for performance. d process. They will inte om personal and collabo	Anal Iden Iden Crea nd work. They v They will develop erpret intent and	onstrate how characte te dramatic unity. vill complete and refine o techniques and conce meaning, and apply cr	ives of a character in a story. r motives influence actions and our e drama works (Standards 6.T.CR.1- pts to refine artistic work, and exp iteria to evaluate artistic work and	-7) ress meaning through the process (Standards		
	 cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding (Standards 6.T.CO.1–3) Drama Content Objectives I can create a monologue I can identify motives and objectives of a character in a story. I can understand and demonstrate how character motives influence their actions and outcomes. 		Vocabulary students should use Script: Story structure, conflict, overall message, dialogue, plot, mood, character motives, tension, objectives. Character: person animal, or object in a story. Dialogue: when characters talk with		Lessons (Activities) Telling Stories through Improvisation Process Drama Friends Unit Monologues for Young Men & Women			
	Drama/ Common Core Language Objectives	each other.	-		Additional Resources			
	 The student will research monologues. The student will individually, create and write a monologue. The student will perform their one minute monologue for the class. 		 Setting: the place the story happen Events: what happens in a story. Plot structure: sequence of events leading to a climax and resolution. Mood : the feel of a piece. Conflict: tension between two or more characters or between action and ideas. Dramatic Unity: the feeling of wholeness in a dramatization when all the parts work well together. 		 Drama Lesson Plans - BYU Drama DVDs & Books available for check out <u>Theatre Power Points</u> <u>Reader's Theater</u> <u>Drama Notebook (free lessons, or subscription)</u> <u>Art Work for Kids (Lesson Plans)</u> <u>ARTSEDGE: Lessons – Arts Integration</u> 			

Assessment Options: The student uses the elements of dance to effectively communicate ideas. Have students color in content objectives on their personal Learning Map.

Unit of Study 2 Elements of Drama - Acting	6 th Gra	de	Quarter 2	DRAMA 2018					
Key Concepts:		Skills:							
 The student can use ensemble skills to produce dramatically unified, c performance. 	original dramatic	Mental skills: sensory recall, visualization, emotional range							
itandards:									
 CREATE (6.T.CR.) Students will conceptualize, generate, develop and organize artistic ideas and work. They will complete and refine drama works (Standards 6.T.CR.1–7) PERFORM (6.T.P.) Students will analyze, interpret, and select artistic work for performance. They will develop techniques and concepts to refine artistic work, and express meaning through the presentation of drama works (Standards 6.T.P.1–9) RESPOND (6.T. R.) Students will perceive and analyze artistic work and process. They will interpret intent and meaning, and apply criteria to evaluate artistic work and process (Standards 6.T.R.1–7) CONNECT (6.T.CO.) Students will synthesize and relate knowledge from personal and collaborative experience to make and receive art. They will relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding (Standards 6.T.CO.1–3) 									
Drama Content Objectives	Vocabul	ary students should us	se	Lessons (Activities)					
 I can play theatre games, activities, or process drama techniques to experie and identify: Sensory recall and visualization Pitch, tempo and rhythm in expressive voice. Expressive movements. Emotional interaction and exchange with others. I can create and portray a rich believable character. 	Sensory recall: almost feel aga experience. Visualization:	Sensory recall: the ability to remember and almost feel again a particular sensory experience. Visualization: the formation of a mental image or picture.		 <u>Telling Stories Through Improvisation</u> <u>Process Drama Friends Unit</u> <u>Creative Drama and Improvisation</u> <u>UEN Theater 6th Grade</u> <u>Monologues for Young Men & Women</u> 					
Drama / Common Core Language Objectives	experience and	ge: the ability of an act I portray depth of emo	A . I . I	itional Resources					
• As a class create an original script or use a published script to collaboratively produce for your parents, school, or community.	pitch, tempo, a sensory experi Expressive mo movement to e Tension: the ai unresolved inh Mood : the fee Conflict: tensio	vement: using qualitie enhance sensory expent tmosphere created by armonious situations.	re	 <u>Drama Lesson Plans - BYU</u> Drama DVDs & Books available for check out <u>Theatre Power Points</u> <u>Reader's Theater</u> <u>Drama Notebook (free lessons, or subscription)</u> <u>Art Work for Kids (Lesson Plans)</u> <u>ARTSEDGE: Lessons – Arts Integration</u> 					
Assessment Options: The student uses the elements of dance	to effectively commu	inicate ideas. Have	students color in conte	nt objectives on their personal Learning Map.					

Unit of Study 3 Elements of Drama - Acting and Design	6 th Grade		Q	uarter 3	DRAMA 2018		
Key Concepts:		Skills:					
 The student uses costumes, props, light and color, and musical sound to enhance a dramatization. The student will learn about scenery 			 Use Costume to develop characters in my role plays Use props to emphasize meaning and significance. Use light and color to create mood. Use musical sound to enhance drama. 				
Standards:				in sound to enhance di	ana.		
 CREATE (6.T.CR.) Students will conceptualize, generate, develop and organize artistic ideas and work. They will complete and refine drama works (Standards 6.T.CR.1–7) PERFORM (6.T.P.) Students will analyze, interpret, and select artistic work for performance. They will develop techniques and concepts to refine artistic work, and express meaning through the presentation of drama works (Standards 6.T.P.1–9) RESPOND (6.T. R.) Students will perceive and analyze artistic work and process. They will interpret intent and meaning, and apply criteria to evaluate artistic work and process (Standards 6.T.R.1–7) CONNECT (6.T.CO.) Students will synthesize and relate knowledge from personal and collaborative experience to make and receive art. They will relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding (Standards 6.T.CO.1–3) 							
Drama Content Objectives	Vocabulary students should use			Lessons (Activities)			
 I can pretend to be a character in a story using costumes, props, and light. I can use musical sounds to make a drama more real. I can create scenery and use music for a drama. 	Costumes Props: A portable object other than furniture or costumes used on the set of a play or movie. Transformed space Sound effects Light and color: visual sensations to help create mood. Musical sound: melody or sound created by voice or musical instruments used to enhance		r or help ated by	 <u>Lesson Plans</u> There are many lesson plans available on this site. <u>Creative Drama and Improvisation</u> <u>teAchnology</u> <u>Children's Drama Skits Suitable for Schools</u> 			
Drama / Common Core Language Objectives	dramatizations.			Additional	Resources		
 Write a simple script. Use simple costumes, props, and light to enhance the drama. Perform drama for a small group. 	Scenery			 Drama DVD <u>Theatre Pow</u> <u>Reader's Theorem</u> <u>Drama Note</u> <u>Art Work for</u> 			

Assessment Options: The student uses the elements of dance to effectively communicate ideas. Have students color in content objectives on their personal Learning Map.

Unit of Study 4 Elements of Drama - Audience	6 th Grade		Quarter 4	DRAMA	2018		
Key Concepts:		Skills:					
 The student practices good audience behavior when attending live thea performances. 	Identify good audience behaviors.						
Standards:							
 CREATE (6.T.CR.)Students will conceptualize, generate, develop and org PERFORM (6.T.P.) Students will analyze, interpret, and select artistic worpresentation of drama works (Standards 6.T.P.1–9) RESPOND (6.T. R.) Students will perceive and analyze artistic work and p 6.T.R.1–7) CONNECT (6.T.CO.) Students will synthesize and relate knowledge from cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding (Standards 6.T. 	ork for performance. T process. They will inte personal and collabo	They will develop te	chniques and concepts to re eaning, and apply criteria to	efine artistic work, and expre evaluate artistic work and p	ss meaning through the		
Drama Content Objectives	Vocabulary st	udents should use		Lessons (Activities)			
 I can behave appropriately when I am an audience member. I can observe the relationship between the actor and the audience. I can critique myself and others in a respectful and constructive manner. 	Audience: the act and behaviors of watching others or self in a live or recorded performance. Critique: A critical review or commentary, especially one dealing with works of art or literature. A critical discussion of a specified topic.		audience etiquette re performance, discuss behaviors to exhibit v good listening and wa inappropriate noise c cal no food or drink. Hav	Assembly or live performance: Students need to understand that audience etiquette requires specific behaviors. Before attending a performance, discuss and make a list with the students of good behaviors to exhibit when attending a performance; e.g., prompt-ness, good listening and watching, appropriate laughter and applause, inappropriate noise control, limited coming and going, and most always no food or drink. Have students role-play the effects of bad behavior on the actors and other audience members.			
Drama / Common Core Language Objectives				Additional Resources			
 Watch a live performance. Write a critique of the performance. Share compositions orally. Research and compare the roles of theater and film to audience members throughout U.S. history (include musical theatre). 			 Drama DVE <u>Theatre Por</u> <u>Reader's Th</u> <u>Drama Not</u> <u>Art Work for</u> 				
Assessment Options: The student uses the elements of dance to	effectively commu	nicate ideas. Hav	e students color in conte	nt objectives on their pers	sonal Learning Map.		